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9	LINITED STATES I	DISTRICT COURT
10		CT OF CALIFORNIA
11		
12	ABANTE ROOTER AND PLUMBING	Case No.
13	INC, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	CLASS ACTION
14	others similarly situated,)
	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATIONS
15) OF :
16	VS.	1. NEGLIGENT VIOLATIONS
17	QUICK CAPITAL FUNDING LLC;	OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION
18	and DOES 1 through 10, inclusive,	ACT [47 U.S.C. §227(b)]
19	Defendant	2. WILLFUL VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE
20	Defendant.	CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT [47 U.S.C. §227(b)]
21		3. NEGLIGENT VIOLATIONS
22		OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION
		ACT [47 U.S.C. §227(c)] 4. WILLFUL VIOLATIONS
23		OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION
24		ACT [47 U.S.C. §227(c)]
25		DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
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Plaintiff ABANTE ROOTER AND PLUMBING INC ("Plaintiff"), individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, alleges the following upon information and belief based upon personal knowledge:

NATURE OF THE CASE

1. Plaintiff brings this action individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated seeking damages and any other available legal or equitable remedies resulting from the illegal actions of Defendant QUICK CAPITAL FUNDING LLC ("Defendant"), in negligently, knowingly, and/or willfully contacting Plaintiff on Plaintiff's cellular telephone in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47. U.S.C. § 227 et seq. ("TCPA") and related regulations, specifically the National Do-Not-Call provisions, thereby invading Plaintiff's privacy.

JURISDICTION & VENUE

- 2. Jurisdiction is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2) because Plaintiff, a California corporation with its principle place of business also in California, seeks relief on behalf of a Class, which will result in at least one class member belonging to a different state than that of Defendant, a New Jersey company. Plaintiff also seeks up to \$1,500.00 in damages for each call in violation of the TCPA, which, when aggregated among a proposed class in the thousands, exceeds the \$5,000,000.00 threshold for federal court jurisdiction. Therefore, both diversity jurisdiction and the damages threshold under the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 ("CAFA") are present, and this Court has jurisdiction.
- 3. Venue is proper in the United States District Court for the Central District of California pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2) because Defendant does business within the State of California and Plaintiff resides within the County of Alameda.

PARTIES

4. Plaintiff, ABANTE ROOTER AND PLUMBING INC ("Plaintiff"),

is a rooting and plumbing business in Emeryville, California and is a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153 (39).

- 5. Defendant, QUICK CAPITAL FUNDING LLC ("Defendant"), is loan provider, and is a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 153 (39).
- 6. The above named Defendant, and its subsidiaries and agents, are collectively referred to as "Defendants." The true names and capacities of the Defendants sued herein as DOE DEFENDANT 1 through 10, inclusive, are currently unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues such Defendants by fictitious names. Each of the Defendants designated herein as a DOE is legally responsible for the unlawful acts alleged herein. Plaintiff will seek leave of Court to amend the Complaint to reflect the true names and capacities of the DOE Defendants when such identities become known.
- 7. Plaintiff is informed and believes that at all relevant times, each and every Defendant was acting as an agent and/or employee of each of the other Defendant and was acting within the course and scope of said agency and/or employment with the full knowledge and consent of each of the other Defendant. Plaintiff is informed and believes that each of the acts and/or omissions complained of herein was made known to, and ratified by, each of the other Defendant.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 8. Beginning in or around January 14, 2015, Defendant contacted Plaintiff on Plaintiff's cellular telephone numbers ending in -7511, -1080, -5154, -3803, -0180, -0106, -1016, -5903, -1636, and -7210in an attempt to solicit Plaintiff to purchase Defendant's services.
- 9. Defendant contacted or attempted to contact Plaintiff from telephone numbers belonging to Defendant.
- 10. Defendant used an "automatic telephone dialing system" as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227(a)(1) to place its calls to Plaintiff seeking to solicit its services.
 - 11. Furthermore, at one or more instance during these calls, Defendant

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utilized an "artificial or prerecorded voice" as prohibited by 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A).

- Defendant's calls constituted calls that were not for emergency 12. purposes as defined by 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A).
- 13. Defendant's calls were placed to telephone number assigned to a cellular telephone service for which Plaintiff incurs a charge for incoming calls pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1).
- Plaintiff is not a customer of Defendant's services and has never provided any personal information, including his telephone number, to Defendant for any purpose whatsoever.
- During all relevant times, Defendant did not possess Plaintiff's "prior 15. express consent" to receive calls using an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice on its cellular telephones pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A).
- 16. Furthermore, Plaintiff's cellular telephone number ending in -1080, -7511, -0106, -1636, and -5154 has been on the National Do-Not-Call Registry well over thirty (30) days prior to Defendant's initial calls.
- Defendant placed multiple calls soliciting its business to Plaintiff on 17. its cellular telephones beginning in or around September of 2016.
- Such calls constitute solicitation calls pursuant to 47 C.F.R. § 18. 64.1200(c)(2) as they were attempts to promote or sell Defendant's services.
- 19. Plaintiff received numerous solicitation calls from Defendant within a 12-month period.
- 20. Plaintiff requested for Defendant to stop calling Plaintiff during one of the initial calls from Defendant, thus revoking any prior express consent that had existed and terminating any established business relationship that had existed, as defined under 16 C.F.R. 310.4(b)(1)(iii)(B).
 - Despite this, Defendant continued to call Plaintiff in an attempt to 21.

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solicit its services and in violation of the National Do-Not-Call provisions of the TCPA.

22. Upon information and belief, and based on Plaintiff's experiences of being called by Defendant after requesting they stop calling, and at all relevant times, Defendant failed to establish and implement reasonable practices and procedures to effectively prevent telephone solicitations in violation of the regulations prescribed under 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5).

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

23. Plaintiff brings this action individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, as a member the four proposed classes (hereafter, jointly, "The Classes"). The class concerning the ATDS claim for no prior express consent (hereafter "The ATDS Class") is defined as follows:

> All persons within the United States who received any solicitation/telemarketing telephone from calls Defendant to said person's cellular telephone made through the use of any automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice and such person had not previously consented to receiving such calls within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint

The class concerning the ATDS claim for revocation of consent, to the 24. extent prior consent existed (hereafter "The ATDS Revocation Class") is defined as follows:

> All persons within the United States who received any solicitation/telemarketing telephone from calls Defendant to said person's cellular telephone made through the use of any automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice and such person had revoked any prior express consent to receive such calls prior to the calls within the four years prior to

the filing of this Complaint.

25. The class concerning the National Do-Not-Call violation (hereafter "The DNC Class") is defined as follows:

All persons within the United States registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry for at least 30 days, who had not granted Defendant prior express consent nor had a prior established business relationship, who received more than one call made by or on behalf of Defendant that promoted Defendant's products or services, within any twelve-month period, within four years prior to the filing of the complaint.

26. The class concerning the National Do-Not-Call violation following revocation of consent and prior business relationship, to the extent they existed (hereafter "The DNC Revocation Class") is defined as follows:

All persons within the United States registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry for at least 30 days, who received more than one call made by or on behalf of Defendant that promoted Defendant's products or services, after having revoked consent and any prior established business relationship, within any twelvemonth period, within four years prior to the filing of the complaint.

- 27. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of, The ATDS Class, consisting of all persons within the United States who received any solicitation telephone calls from Defendant to said person's cellular telephone made through the use of any automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice and such person had not previously not provided their cellular telephone number to Defendant within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint.
- 28. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of, The ATDS Revocation Class, consisting of all persons within the United States who received any

solicitation/telemarketing telephone calls from Defendant to said person's cellular telephone made through the use of any automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice and such person had revoked any prior express consent to receive such calls prior to the calls within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint.

- 29. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of, The DNC Class, consisting of all persons within the United States registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry for at least 30 days, who had not granted Defendant prior express consent nor had a prior established business relationship, who received more than one call made by or on behalf of Defendant that promoted Defendant's products or services, within any twelve-month period, within four years prior to the filing of the complaint.
- 30. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of, The DNC Revocation Class, consisting of all persons within the United States registered on the National Do-Not-Call Registry for at least 30 days, who received more than one call made by or on behalf of Defendant that promoted Defendant's products or services, after having revoked consent and any prior established business relationship, within any twelve-month period, within four years prior to the filing of the complaint.
- 31. Defendant, their employees and agents are excluded from The Classes. Plaintiff does not know the number of members in The Classes, but believes the Classes members number in the thousands, if not more. Thus, this matter should be certified as a Class Action to assist in the expeditious litigation of the matter.
- 32. The Classes are so numerous that the individual joinder of all of its members is impractical. While the exact number and identities of The Classes members are unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can only be ascertained through appropriate discovery, Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that The Classes includes thousands of members. Plaintiff alleges that The Classes

members may be ascertained by the records maintained by Defendant.

- 33. Plaintiff and members of The ATDS Class and The ATDS Revocation Class were harmed by the acts of Defendant in at least the following ways: Defendant illegally contacted Plaintiff and ATDS Class members via their cellular telephones thereby causing Plaintiff and ATDS Class and ATDS Revocation Class members to incur certain charges or reduced telephone time for which Plaintiff and ATDS Class and ATDS Revocation Class members had previously paid by having to retrieve or administer messages left by Defendant during those illegal calls, and invading the privacy of said Plaintiff and ATDS Class and ATDS Revocation Class members.
- 34. Common questions of fact and law exist as to all members of The ATDS Class which predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of The ATDS Class. These common legal and factual questions, which do not vary between ATDS Class members, and which may be determined without reference to the individual circumstances of any ATDS Class members, include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Whether, within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint, Defendant made any telemarketing/solicitation call (other than a call made for emergency purposes or made with the prior express consent of the called party) to a ATDS Class member using any automatic telephone dialing system or any artificial or prerecorded voice to any telephone number assigned to a cellular telephone service;
 - b. Whether Plaintiff and the ATDS Class members were damaged thereby, and the extent of damages for such violation; and
 - c. Whether Defendant and their agents should be enjoined from engaging in such conduct in the future.
 - 35. As a person that received numerous telemarketing/solicitation calls

from Defendant using an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice, without Plaintiff's prior express consent, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of The ATDS Class.

- 36. Common questions of fact and law exist as to all members of The ATDS Revocation Class which predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of The ATDS Revocation Class. These common legal and factual questions, which do not vary between ATDS Revocation Class members, and which may be determined without reference to the individual circumstances of any ATDS Revocation Class members, include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Whether, within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint, Defendant made any telemarketing/solicitation call (other than a call made for emergency purposes or made with the prior express consent of the called party) to an ATDS Revocation Class member, who had revoked any prior express consent to be called using an ATDS, using any automatic telephone dialing system or any artificial or prerecorded voice to any telephone number assigned to a cellular telephone service;
 - b. Whether Plaintiff and the ATDS Revocation Class members were damaged thereby, and the extent of damages for such violation; and
 - c. Whether Defendant and their agents should be enjoined from engaging in such conduct in the future.
- 37. As a person that received numerous telemarketing/solicitation calls from Defendant using an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice, after Plaintiff had revoked any prior express consent, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of The ATDS Revocation Class.

- 38. Plaintiff and members of The DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class were harmed by the acts of Defendant in at least the following ways: Defendant illegally contacted Plaintiff and DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class members via their telephones for solicitation purposes, thereby invading the privacy of said Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class members whose telephone numbers were on the National Do-Not-Call Registry. Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class members were damaged thereby.
- 39. Common questions of fact and law exist as to all members of The DNC Class which predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of The DNC Class. These common legal and factual questions, which do not vary between DNC Class members, and which may be determined without reference to the individual circumstances of any DNC Class members, include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Whether, within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint, Defendant or its agents placed more than one solicitation call to the members of the DNC Class whose telephone numbers were on the National Do-Not-Call Registry and who had not granted prior express consent to Defendant and did not have an established business relationship with Defendant;
 - Whether Defendant obtained prior express written consent to place solicitation calls to Plaintiff or the DNC Class members' telephones;
 - c. Whether Plaintiff and the DNC Class member were damaged thereby, and the extent of damages for such violation; and
 - d. Whether Defendant and their agents should be enjoined from engaging in such conduct in the future.
 - 40. As a person that received numerous solicitation calls from Defendant

within a 12-month period, who had not granted Defendant prior express consent and did not have an established business relationship with Defendant, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of the DNC Class.

- 41. Common questions of fact and law exist as to all members of The DNC Class which predominate over any questions affecting only individual members of The DNC Revocation Class. These common legal and factual questions, which do not vary between DNC Revocation Class members, and which may be determined without reference to the individual circumstances of any DNC Revocation Class members, include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Whether, within the four years prior to the filing of this Complaint, Defendant or its agents placed more than one solicitation call to the members of the DNC Class whose telephone numbers were on the National Do-Not-Call Registry and who had revoked any prior express consent and any established business relationship with Defendant;
 - b. Whether Plaintiff and the DNC Class member were damaged thereby, and the extent of damages for such violation; and
 - c. Whether Defendant and their agents should be enjoined from engaging in such conduct in the future.
- 42. As a person that received numerous solicitation calls from Defendant within a 12-month period, who, to the extent one existed, had revoked any prior express consent and any established business relationship with Defendant, Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of the DNC Revocation Class.
- 43. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of The Classes. Plaintiff has retained attorneys experienced in the prosecution of class actions.
- 44. A class action is superior to other available methods of fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy, since individual litigation of the claims

of all Classes members is impracticable. Even if every Classes member could afford individual litigation, the court system could not. It would be unduly burdensome to the courts in which individual litigation of numerous issues would proceed. Individualized litigation would also present the potential for varying, inconsistent, or contradictory judgments and would magnify the delay and expense to all parties and to the court system resulting from multiple trials of the same complex factual issues. By contrast, the conduct of this action as a class action presents fewer management difficulties, conserves the resources of the parties and of the court system, and protects the rights of each Classes member.

- 45. The prosecution of separate actions by individual Classes members would create a risk of adjudications with respect to them that would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interests of the other Classes members not parties to such adjudications or that would substantially impair or impede the ability of such non-party Class members to protect their interests.
- 46. Defendant have acted or refused to act in respects generally applicable to The Classes, thereby making appropriate final and injunctive relief with regard to the members of the Classes as a whole.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Negligent Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act 47 U.S.C. §227(b).

On Behalf of the ATDS Class and ATDS Revocation Class

- 47. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference into this cause of action the allegations set forth above at Paragraphs 1-46.
- 48. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute numerous and multiple negligent violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b), and in particular 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A).
 - 49. As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b),

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Plaintiff and the Class Members are entitled an award of \$500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. 227(b)(3)(B).

50. Plaintiff and the ATDS Class and ATDS Revocation Class members are also entitled to and seek injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Knowing and/or Willful Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act

47 U.S.C. §227(b)

On Behalf of the ATDS Class and the ATDS Revocation Class

- 51. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference into this cause of action the allegations set forth above at Paragraphs 1-46.
- 52. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute numerous and multiple knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b), and in particular 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A).
- 53. As a result of Defendant's knowing and/or willful violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b), Plaintiff and the ATDS Class and ATDS Revocation Class members are entitled an award of \$1,500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B) and 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).
- 54. Plaintiff and the Class members are also entitled to and seek injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Negligent Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act 47 U.S.C. §227(c)

On Behalf of the DNC Class and the DNC Revocation Class

- 55. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference into this cause of action the allegations set forth above at Paragraphs 1-46.
 - 56. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute numerous

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and multiple negligent violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227(c), and in particular 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5).

- 57. As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(c), Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class Members are entitled an award of \$500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5)(B).
- 58. Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class members are also entitled to and seek injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Knowing and/or Willful Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act

47 U.S.C. §227 et seq.

On Behalf of the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class

- 59. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference into this cause of action the allegations set forth above at Paragraphs 1-46.
- 60. The foregoing acts and omissions of Defendant constitute numerous and multiple knowing and/or willful violations of the TCPA, including but not limited to each and every one of the above cited provisions of 47 U.S.C. § 227(c), in particular 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5).
- 61. As a result of Defendant's knowing and/or willful violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(c), Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class members are entitled an award of \$1,500.00 in statutory damages, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5).
- 62. Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class members are also entitled to and seek injunctive relief prohibiting such conduct in the future.

1	PRAYER FOR RELIEF	
2	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff requests judgment against Defendant for the following:	
3	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION	
4	Negligent Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act	
5	47 U.S.C. §227(b)	
6	• As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of 47 U.S.C.	
7	§227(b)(1), Plaintiff and the ATDS Class and ATDS Revocation	
8	Class members are entitled to and request \$500 in statutory damages,	
9	for each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. $227(b)(3)(B)$.	
10	 Any and all other relief that the Court deems just and proper. 	
11	SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION	
12	Knowing and/or Willful Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection	
13	Act	
14	47 U.S.C. §227(b)	
15	• As a result of Defendant's willful and/or knowing violations of 47	
16	U.S.C. $\S 227(b)(1)$, Plaintiff and the ATDS Class and ATDS	
17	Revocation Class members are entitled to and request treble damages,	
18	as provided by statute, up to \$1,500, for each and every violation,	
19	pursuant to 47 U.S.C. $\S 227(b)(3)(B)$ and 47 U.S.C. $\S 227(b)(3)(C)$.	
20	 Any and all other relief that the Court deems just and proper. 	
21	THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION	
22	Negligent Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act	
23	47 U.S.C. §227(c)	
24	• As a result of Defendant's negligent violations of 47 U.S.C.	
25	$\S227(c)(5)$, Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation Class	
26	members are entitled to and request \$500 in statutory damages, for	
27	each and every violation, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. 227(c)(5).	
28	• Any and all other relief that the Court deems just and proper.	

1	FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION	
2	Knowing and/or Willful Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection	
3	Act	
4	47 U.S.C. §227(c)	
5	• As a result of Defendant's willful and/or knowing violations of 47	
6	U.S.C. $\S 227(c)(5)$, Plaintiff and the DNC Class and DNC Revocation	
7	Class members are entitled to and request treble damages, as provided	
8	by statute, up to \$1,500, for each and every violation, pursuant to 47	
9	$U.S.C. \S 227(c)(5).$	
10	 Any and all other relief that the Court deems just and proper. 	
11	JURY DEMAND	
12	63. Pursuant to the Seventh Amendment to the Constitution of the United	
13	States of America, Plaintiff is entitled to, and demands, a trial by jury.	
14	Respectfully Submitted this 25th Day of May, 2018. LAW OFFICES OF TODD M. FRIEDMAN, P.C.	
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17	By: <u>/s/ Todd M. Friedman</u> Todd M. Friedman	
18	Law Offices of Todd M. Friedman	
19	Attorney for Plaintiff	
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